

DOWNSTREAM MIGRATION OF FISH THROUGH DAMS OF HYDROELECTRIC POWER PLANTS

DOWNSTREAM MIGRATION OF FISH THROUGH DAMS OF HYDROELECTRIC POWER PLANTS

By D.S. Pavlov, A.I. Lupandin, V.V. Kostin A.N. Severtsov Research Institute of Ecology and Evolution **Russian Academy of Science**

Moscow-Nauka-1999

This book is a fundamental research in migration and it describes how the regulated river flows affect fish downstream migration. The book provides information on 45 reservoirs, and it contains a comparative analysis of patterns (species and sizes of the downstream fish migrants, as well as seasonal and daily dynamics of their migration) and migration mechanisms through dams of hydroelectric power plants (HPPs). It has been shown that the major factor affecting fish downstream migration is the influence of the water intake. The book gives data on fish injuries at their passage through the HPP turbines.

The book is intended for ichthyologists, those who deal with the protection of fish resources, as well as for hydroelectric and hydrotechnical engineers and fish industry experts.

Forward to the English Edition

Russian scientists have been contributing to the understanding of hydropower effects on fish populations for decades, but many of their publications have not been readily available to the international research community. This translation has been produced to help address that problem.

In this book, originally published by Nauka Press in Moscow in 1999, the authors summarized and integrated years of work in European and Asian river systems and the efforts to understand how regulated river flows affect downstream movements of fish. They summarized considerable literature on the ecological preferences of fish (especially juvenile fish) in Eurasian reservoirs and categorized species by habitat zones. The book considers the patterns, causes, and mechanisms for downstream movements, and it assesses the susceptibility of fish to loss from the reservoir, as a function of species, life stage, habitat zone preferences, and characteristics of the reservoir. Lastly, the book describes the effects of turbine passage and techniques to mitigate turbine-passage losses of fish.

I have endeavored to retain a literal translation of the text. Thus, two terms warrant explanation. Foremost is the term "migration." To many fisheries biologists, "migration" connotes long-distance, purposeful movements, and is most commonly used with reference to movements of diadromous fish. The authors appropriately use the term in a more general sense to describe active or passive movements of fish within and out of reservoirs. In the context of the resident fishes that are the subject of most of the studies summarized in this book, the term "migration" is more likely to mean the unintended loss of resident fish from the reservoir than the volitional downstream movements of juvenile anadromous fish. Similarly, their frequently used term "reservoirs with slow water exchange" is akin to our terms "slow turnover rate" and "slow flushing rate."

One of the many values of this book is that it provides information about Eurasian fish species that may be unfamiliar to fisheries scientists in North America. In translating the Russian common names of fishes to English, I have relied on the FishBase database [Froese, R., and D. Pauly, eds. 2001. FishBase. World Wide Web electronic publication (http://www.fishbase.org). Accessed 8 February 2002.]

I would like to express my appreciation to others who have helped bring this book to a wider audience. D. S. Pavlov, A. I. Lupandin, and V. V. Kostin graciously agreed to our translation and distribution of their work. Tatyana Albert provided the original translation, and Carolina Ravina helped refine it, both through her own skills and by consulting with the authors. Peggy Brookshier and John Flynn of the U.S. Department of Energy's Hydropower Program recognized the value of this information and this effort. The responsibility for any errors in the translation of this book is mine.

Glenn F. Cada, Ph.D. February 2002

Suggested Citation:

Pavlov, D. S., A. I. Lupandin, and V. V. Kostin. 2002. Downstream Migration of Fish Through Dams of Hydroelectric Power Plants. Trans. T. Albert, trans. ed. G. F. Cada. ORNL/TR-02/02. Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee.

Available on-line from the U.S. Department of Energy Hydropower Program [http://hydropower.id.doe.gov/] and on CD from:

Glenn F. Cada, Environmental Sciences Division, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, P.O. Box 2008, Oak Ridge, TN 37831-6036, U.S.A.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FOR	WARD TO THE ENGLISH EDITION	I
INTF	RODUCTION	7
	ter 1 REGIONS OF RESEARCH, MATERIAL AND METHODS	12
1.1	Brief Description of Studied Reservoirs	
1.2	Characteristics of Studied HPP Dams	
1.3	Methods for the Study of Downstream Migration and Fish Distribution	
1.4	Scope of Collected Material	24
Chan	ter 2 FISH DISTRIBUTION AND ECOLOGICAL ZONES OF WATER INTAKE	26
2.1	Ecological Zones of Reservoirs with Slow Water Exchange	
2.2	Fish Distribution in Reservoirs	
2.3	Procedure for Estimating the Ecological Zones of Water Intake	
2.4	Estimation of Ecological Zones of Water Intake Based on Studied HPP Intakes	
2.5	Relationship between Downstream Migration and Fish Distribution	
-	ter 3 PATTERNS OF FISH DOWNSTREAM MIGRATION THROUGH HPP DAMS	
3.1	Species-Specific Structure of Migrants	
3.2	Age and Size Structure of Fish Migrants	
3.3	Quantitative Characteristics of Fish Downstream Migration	
3.4	Daily Dynamics of Fish Downstream Migration	
3.5	Seasonal Dynamics of Fish Downstream Migration	79
Chan	ter 4 CAUSES AND MECHANISMS OF FISH DOWNSTREAM MIGRATION FROM	
Спар	RESERVOIRS WITH A SLOW WATER EXCHANGE	90
4.1	General Theoretical Aspects of Mechanisms of Downstream Migration of Young Fishes	
4.2	Fish Entrainment in the Water Intake Zone	
4.3	Migratory Fish Behavior in Water Intake Zone	
4.4	Major Factors of Fish Migration from Reservoirs with Slow Water Exchange and Their	
	Mechanisms	
4.5	Model for Fish Downstream Migration from Reservoirs	125
Chan	ter 5 FISH INJURIES AND LOSSES FROM PASSAGE THROUGH HPP TURBINES	127
5.1	Kinds of Fish Injuries on Passage Through the HPP	
5.2	Types of Turbine Designs and Factors Affecting Fish Injuries and Death at HPP	
5.3	Pressure Change as One of the Causes of Fish Loss and Injuries at Turbine Passage	
5.4	Cavitation Effect on Fish Injuries and Fatalities at Turbine Passage	
5.5	Turbulence as a Factor of Fish Injuries and Fatalities in HPP Turbine Penstock	
5.6	Fish Injuries Resulting from Contact with Structural Components of the Turbines	
5.7	Comparison of the Effects of Various Factors to Fish Injuries and Losses During Their	100
3.1	Downstream Migration	174
	č	
-	ter 6 APPROACHES TO PROTECTION OF MIGRATORY FISH	
6.1	Parameters of Fish Losses at HPP Dams.	
6.2	Effect of Fish Losses on Fish Populations in the Reservoirs	
6.3	Strategies for Fish Protection at HPP Dams	
6.4	Principles of Fish Protection	
6.5	Methods of Fish Protection	196
CONT	CI LICION	202
LUN	CLUSION	202

ATTACHMENT	205
Ivan'kovskoe Reservoir	
Ust'-Khantajskoe Reservoir	209
Sheksninskoe Reservoir.	212
Ozerninskoe Reservoir	215
Kapchagajskoe Reservoir	217
Mostiste Reservoir	
Volgogradskoe Reservoir	
Al. Stambolijski Reservoir	
Nurekskoe Reservoir	
BIBLIOGRAPHY	229